

Goniometria

Esprimere in radianti i seguenti angoli (o archi):

1. a) 14° b) 125° c) 126° d) 252° e) 486°
 2. a) $30^\circ 45'$ b) $192^\circ 30'$ c) $252^\circ 24'$ d) $227^\circ 12'$ e) $602^\circ 24'$
 3. a) $59^\circ 3' 45''$ b) $150^\circ 37' 30''$ c) $261^\circ 15' 18''$ d) $297^\circ 26' 15''$ e) $286^\circ 52' 30''$

Esprimere in gradi sessagesimali i seguenti angoli (o archi):

4. a) $\frac{7}{45}\pi$ b) $\frac{17}{10}\pi$ c) $\frac{13}{18}\pi$ d) $\frac{19}{12}\pi$ e) $\frac{25}{36}\pi$
 5. a) $\frac{13}{75}\pi$ b) $\frac{29}{50}\pi$ c) $\frac{5}{8}\pi$ d) $\frac{31}{16}\pi$ e) $\frac{23}{8}\pi$
 6. a) $\frac{13}{64}\pi$ b) $\frac{37}{125}\pi$ c) $\frac{51}{32}\pi$ d) $\frac{57}{32}\pi$ e) $\frac{253}{125}\pi$

Calcolare il valore delle seguenti espressioni:

14. a) $\sin \frac{\pi}{2} - \cot \frac{\pi}{4} + \sin \pi + 2 \cos \frac{\pi}{6}$ b) $2 \sin \frac{\pi}{3} - \cos 0 + 3 \cos \pi - \cot \frac{\pi}{6}$

15. a) $\sin \frac{\pi}{2} - \sin \frac{3}{2}\pi - \tan \frac{\pi}{6} + \frac{1}{3} \cot \frac{\pi}{6}$ b) $\cos \frac{\pi}{3} - 3 \sin \pi + 4 \sin \frac{\pi}{4} - 5 \cos \frac{\pi}{4} - \sin \frac{\pi}{6}$

16. a) $\frac{\cos \frac{\pi}{2} \sin \frac{3}{2}\pi - 2 \sin^2 \frac{\pi}{2} \cos \frac{3}{2}\pi}{\cos^2 \frac{3}{2}\pi + 2 \cos \frac{\pi}{6}}$ b) $\frac{\sin 30^\circ - 2 \cos 60^\circ \cot 30^\circ + \tan 60^\circ - \cot 45^\circ}{3 \tan 30^\circ - 2 \sin 60^\circ - \cot 30^\circ}$

17.
$$\frac{\left(a \cos 0 + b \sin \frac{\pi}{2}\right)\left(a \sin \frac{\pi}{2} + b \cos \pi\right) + 2ab \sin \frac{3}{2}\pi + 2b^2 \cos 2\pi}{-a \cos \pi - b \tan \frac{\pi}{4}}, \quad a \neq b$$

18.
$$\frac{4(a-1)^2 \sin \frac{\pi}{6} - 2a \cos \pi + \tan^2 \frac{\pi}{3} + \sin \frac{3}{2}\pi \left(a^2 + 2a \tan \frac{\pi}{4} + 4 \cos^2 \frac{\pi}{3}\right)}{a \cos 2\pi - 4 \sin^2 \frac{\pi}{4} + \tan^2 \frac{\pi}{3} - \cot^2 \frac{\pi}{6}}, \quad a \neq 2$$

19. a) $\frac{2ab}{\tan \frac{\pi}{4}} - b^2 - (a-b)^2 \cos \pi - a^2 \cot \frac{\pi}{4}$

b) $\left(a \cos \frac{\pi}{2} + b \tan \frac{\pi}{4} - \cot \frac{\pi}{4}\right)\left(a \tan 2\pi - b \sin \frac{3}{2}\pi + \tan \frac{\pi}{4}\right)$

20. a) $\sin 10\pi - \cos 11\pi + \sin 12\pi - \cos 18\pi$ b) $2 \sin \frac{5}{2}\pi - 2 \tan \frac{13}{4}\pi - \left(\cos \frac{7}{4}\pi - \sin \frac{3}{4}\pi\right)^2$

$$21. \text{ a) } \frac{\tan \frac{13}{4} \pi \left(\cot \frac{15}{4} \pi + \cos 5\pi \right)}{\sin \frac{7}{2} \pi \left(\sin \frac{5}{2} \pi - \cos 6\pi \right) + 2 \tan \frac{5}{4} \pi} \quad \text{b) } \frac{\frac{1}{4} \left(2 \sin 4\pi - 3 \sin \frac{7}{2} \pi \right)}{\sin 3\pi - \cos \frac{\pi}{3} \cos 5\pi} : \frac{2 \cos 6\pi + \tan \frac{5}{4} \pi}{2(\sin 3\pi - \cos 3\pi)}$$

$$22. \text{ a) } \left(a \cos^3 3\pi + b \sin^2 \frac{3}{2} \pi \right)^2 - \left(a \cos^3 4\pi - b \sin \frac{7}{2} \pi \right)^2$$

$$\text{b) } \left(\sin 4\pi + a \sin \frac{3}{2} \pi \right)^2 - (\sin 7\pi - a \cos 5\pi)^2 + 4ab \sin \frac{\pi}{6}$$

$$23. \text{ a) } \frac{a(a \cos 20\pi + b \sin 21\pi) - b(a \sin 15\pi + b \cos 16\pi)}{a(\tan 19\pi - \cos 19\pi) - b(\tan 6\pi + \cos 6\pi)}$$

Tenendo presente la periodicit  delle funzioni goniometriche, verificare che:

$$24. \text{ a) } \sin 1890^\circ = 1 \quad \text{b) } \sin 1350^\circ = -1 \quad \text{c) } \sin 4050^\circ = 1$$

$$25. \text{ a) } \sin 3285^\circ = \frac{\sqrt{2}}{2} \quad \text{b) } \sin 1470^\circ = \frac{1}{2} \quad \text{c) } \sin 1860^\circ = \frac{\sqrt{3}}{2}$$

$$26. \text{ a) } \sin \frac{37}{3} \pi = \frac{\sqrt{3}}{2} \quad \text{b) } \sin \frac{22}{5} \pi = \sin \frac{2}{5} \pi \quad \text{c) } \sin \frac{67}{8} \pi = \sin \frac{3}{8} \pi$$

$$27. \text{ a) } \sin \frac{41}{4} \pi = \frac{\sqrt{2}}{2} \quad \text{b) } \sin \frac{86}{7} \pi = \sin \frac{2}{7} \pi \quad \text{c) } \sin \frac{37}{6} \pi = \frac{1}{2}$$

$$28. \text{ a) } \cos 1530^\circ = 0 \quad \text{b) } \cos 1980^\circ = -1 \quad \text{c) } \cos 7110^\circ = 0$$

$$29. \text{ a) } \cos 2910^\circ = \frac{\sqrt{3}}{2} \quad \text{b) } \cos 1845^\circ = \frac{\sqrt{2}}{2} \quad \text{c) } \cos 3300^\circ = \frac{1}{2}$$

$$30. \text{ a) } \cos \frac{19}{3} \pi = \frac{1}{2} \quad \text{b) } \cos \frac{53}{5} \pi = \cos \frac{3}{5} \pi \quad \text{c) } \cos \frac{69}{8} \pi = \cos \frac{5}{8} \pi$$

$$31. \text{ a) } \cos \frac{41}{6} \pi = \cos \frac{5}{6} \pi \quad \text{b) } \cos \frac{35}{4} \pi = -\frac{\sqrt{2}}{2} \quad \text{c) } \cos \frac{75}{7} \pi = \cos \frac{5}{7} \pi$$

$$32. \text{ a) } \tan 3780^\circ = 0 \quad \text{b) } \tan 930^\circ = \frac{\sqrt{3}}{3} \quad \text{c) } \tan 2025^\circ = 1$$

$$33. \text{ a) } \tan 1680^\circ = \sqrt{3} \quad \text{b) } \tan \frac{19}{6} \pi = \frac{\sqrt{3}}{3} \quad \text{c) } \tan \frac{38}{7} \pi = \tan \frac{3}{7} \pi$$

$$34. \text{ a) } \tan \frac{27}{4} \pi = -1 \quad \text{b) } \tan \frac{20}{3} \pi = \tan \frac{2}{3} \pi \quad \text{c) } \tan \frac{71}{8} \pi = \tan \frac{7}{8} \pi$$

$$35. \text{ a) } \cot 855^\circ = -1 \quad \text{b) } \cot 1350^\circ = 0 \quad \text{c) } \cot 1110^\circ = \sqrt{3}$$

36. a) $\cot 2220^\circ = \frac{\sqrt{3}}{3}$ b) $\cot \frac{49}{6} \pi = \sqrt{3}$ c) $\cot \frac{73}{7} \pi = \cot \frac{3}{7} \pi$
 37. a) $\cot \frac{39}{4} \pi = -1$ b) $\cot \frac{22}{3} \pi = \frac{\sqrt{3}}{3}$ c) $\cot \frac{45}{8} \pi = \cot \frac{5}{8} \pi$

Dato il valore di una funzione goniometrica dell'angolo α determinare il valore delle rimanenti funzioni nei casi a fianco indicati:

46. a) $\sin \alpha = \frac{1}{3}$, $\alpha \in \text{I quadrante}$ b) $\sin \alpha = -\frac{3}{5}$, $\alpha \in \text{IV quadrante}$

47. a) $\sin \alpha = \frac{\sqrt{2}}{3}$, $\alpha \in \text{II quadrante}$ b) $\sin \alpha = -\frac{2}{3}$, $\alpha \in \text{III quadrante}$

48. a) $\cos \alpha = \frac{1}{4}$, $\alpha \in \text{I quadrante}$ b) $\cos \alpha = -\frac{1}{2}$, $\alpha \in \text{II quadrante}$

49. a) $\cos \alpha = \frac{2\sqrt{2}}{3}$, $\alpha \in \text{IV quadrante}$ b) $\cos \alpha = -\frac{\sqrt{5}}{3}$, $\alpha \in \text{III quadrante}$

50. a) $\tan \alpha = 2$, $\alpha \in \text{I quadrante}$ b) $\tan \alpha = -\frac{3}{4}$, $\alpha \in \text{IV quadrante}$

51. a) $\tan \alpha = \frac{\sqrt{2}}{2}$, $\alpha \in \text{III quadrante}$ b) $\tan \alpha = -\frac{1}{3}$, $\alpha \in \text{II quadrante}$

52. a) $\cot \alpha = 2\sqrt{2}$, $\alpha \in \text{I quadrante}$ b) $\cot \alpha = -\frac{\sqrt{3}}{3}$, $\alpha \in \text{II quadrante}$

53. a) $\cot \alpha = \frac{\sqrt{5}}{2}$, $\alpha \in \text{III quadrante}$ b) $\cot \alpha = -\frac{2}{5}$, $\alpha \in \text{IV quadrante}$

Esprimere in funzione di $\sin \alpha$ e semplificare le seguenti espressioni:

64. a) $\frac{1}{1 + \tan^2 \alpha} - \cos^2 \alpha - \cot^2 \alpha - 1$

b) $\tan \alpha - \frac{\sec \alpha}{\operatorname{cosec} \alpha} + \sin^2 \alpha \operatorname{cosec} \alpha$

65. a) $\cos \alpha + \frac{1}{\sec \alpha} \left(\frac{1}{\operatorname{cosec} \alpha} - 1 \right) - \tan \alpha \cdot \cos^2 \alpha + \sin \alpha$

b) $\frac{\tan^2 \alpha}{\sin^2 \alpha} - \frac{1}{\operatorname{cosec}^2 \alpha} + \cos^2 \alpha \tan^2 \alpha$

66. a) $\tan \alpha - \frac{\sin \alpha \cos \alpha}{\cos^2 \alpha} + \frac{1}{\sin \alpha} \left(1 - \cos^2 \alpha + \frac{1}{1 + \tan^2 \alpha} \right)$

b) $\frac{1}{\cot^2 \alpha} - \frac{1}{\cos^2 \alpha} \left(\frac{1}{\operatorname{cosec}^2 \alpha} - \frac{2}{\sec^2 \alpha} \right)$

67. a) $\frac{1}{\operatorname{cosec} \alpha \cdot \sin \alpha \cdot \sec \alpha} - \cos \alpha + \left[1 + \frac{1}{\cos^2 \alpha} (1 + \sin^2 \alpha) \right] \frac{\operatorname{cosec} \alpha}{2 \sec^2 \alpha}$

b) $\frac{\cos \alpha}{\cot^2 \alpha \sec \alpha} - \frac{\cos^2 \alpha \tan^2 \alpha}{\sin \alpha} + \sin \alpha - 1 + \frac{\sec^2 \alpha}{\tan^2 \alpha \cdot \operatorname{cosec}^2 \alpha}$

68. a) $\tan \alpha (1 - \cos^2 \alpha) \cos \alpha + \frac{\sin \alpha}{\sec^2 \alpha} - \frac{\sin \alpha \cos \alpha}{\sec \alpha} - \sin \alpha$

b) $\sec^2 \alpha - \frac{1}{\cot^2 \alpha} + \frac{1}{\sec^2 \alpha} - \frac{1 - \cos^2 \alpha}{\tan^2 \alpha} - \cos^2 \alpha$

Esprimere in funzione di $\cos \alpha$ e semplificare le seguenti espressioni:

69. a) $\frac{1}{\sec \alpha} - \frac{\tan^2 \alpha}{1 + \tan^2 \alpha} + 1 - \frac{1}{1 + \tan^2 \alpha}$

b) $\frac{1}{\cos \alpha} - \sin^2 \alpha \sec^2 \alpha + \frac{1 - \cos^2 \alpha}{1 - \sin^2 \alpha}$

70. a) $\frac{1}{\sec^2 \alpha} - \frac{\sec^2 \alpha}{\operatorname{cosec}^2 \alpha} \cdot \cos \alpha + \frac{2}{\operatorname{cosec}^2 \alpha} + \frac{\tan \alpha}{\cot \alpha} \cdot \cos \alpha$

b) $\sin \alpha + \frac{\sec \alpha}{1 + \tan^2 \alpha} - \frac{\cos \alpha}{\cot \alpha}$

71. a) $2 - \frac{\cos \alpha}{\operatorname{cosec} \alpha \tan \alpha \sec^2 \alpha} - \sin^2 \alpha \cos^2 \alpha$

b) $\tan \alpha - (1 + \tan^2 \alpha) \sin^2 \alpha \cot \alpha + \cos \alpha$

72. a) $\frac{\cos \alpha}{\operatorname{cosec} \alpha} \left(\frac{1}{\sin \alpha \cos \alpha} - \frac{\sin^2 \alpha}{\cot \alpha} + \frac{\cos^2 \alpha}{\tan \alpha} \right)$

b) $\frac{\tan \alpha}{\operatorname{cosec} \alpha} + 1 + \frac{1}{\tan^2 \alpha} - \operatorname{cosec}^2 \alpha + \cos \alpha$

73. a) $\frac{\sin \alpha}{\sec \alpha} - \frac{\sin^2 \alpha}{\tan \alpha} + \frac{1}{\sec \alpha} \left(1 + \frac{1}{\cot^2 \alpha} \right)$

b) $\frac{1}{\cot^2 \alpha} + 1 + \sin^2 \alpha \cos \alpha - \frac{\sec \alpha}{\cos \alpha}$

Esprimere in funzione di $\tan \alpha$ e semplificare le seguenti espressioni:

74. a) $\frac{\operatorname{cosec} \alpha \sin^2 \alpha}{\cos \alpha} - 1 + \cos^2 \alpha + \frac{1 - \sin^2 \alpha - (1 - \sin^2 \alpha)^2}{\cos^2 \alpha}$

b) $\frac{\sec \alpha}{\operatorname{cosec} \alpha} + \operatorname{cosec} \alpha \sin \alpha (1 - \sin^2 \alpha) - \cos^2 \alpha$

75. a) $\sec \alpha - \frac{1}{\sec \alpha} - \frac{\tan \alpha}{\operatorname{cosec} \alpha} + \frac{\sin^2 \alpha}{\cos^2 \alpha}$

b) $2 - \frac{1}{\tan^2 \alpha} + \frac{1 - 2 \sin^2 \alpha}{\sin^2 \alpha (1 - \sin^2 \alpha)} \cdot \frac{\cot^2 \alpha - 1}{\cot^2 \alpha + 1}$

76. a) $\cos^2 \alpha - \sin \alpha \tan \alpha + \frac{1}{\cos \alpha} - \frac{1}{\sec \alpha}$

b) $\frac{1}{\sin \alpha} \left[1 + \frac{1}{\sec \alpha} - 2(1 - \sin^2 \alpha) + \frac{1}{\sec^4 \alpha} \right] - \frac{\sin^2 \alpha}{\operatorname{cosec} \alpha}$

77. a) $\operatorname{cosec} \alpha \left(\frac{\sin \alpha}{\sec^2 \alpha} - \frac{1}{\operatorname{cosec} \alpha} \right) + \frac{\sec^2 \alpha - 1}{\sec^2 \alpha} + \frac{1}{\tan \alpha}$

b) $\left(\frac{1}{\cos^2 \alpha} - 1 \right) \frac{1}{\cos^2 \alpha} + \frac{\tan \alpha \cot \alpha \sin^2 \alpha}{\sin^2 \alpha - 1}$

78. a) $\frac{1}{\sin^2 \alpha} - 1 + \frac{\sin \alpha}{\cos \alpha \tan \alpha} - \cot^2 \alpha$

b) $\frac{\tan \alpha}{1 + \tan^2 \alpha} + \sin \alpha \sec \alpha + \frac{\sin^3 \alpha}{\cos \alpha} - \frac{1}{\cot \alpha}$

Esprimere in funzione di $\cot \alpha$ e semplificare le seguenti espressioni:

79. a) $\frac{\sec \alpha - \operatorname{cosec} \alpha}{\sec \alpha + \operatorname{cosec} \alpha} + \frac{\sec \alpha + \operatorname{cosec} \alpha}{\sec \alpha - \operatorname{cosec} \alpha}$

b) $\frac{1}{\sec \alpha \sin \alpha} + \frac{(\sin^2 \alpha - \cos^2 \alpha) \sec \alpha}{\sin \alpha}$

80. a) $\frac{1}{\sin^2 \alpha} + \frac{1}{\cos^2 \alpha} - \sec^2 \alpha \cot^2 \alpha - 1$

b) $\frac{1}{\cos^2 \alpha} - \frac{1}{\cot^2 \alpha} + \operatorname{cosec}^2 \alpha - \cos^2 \alpha \operatorname{cosec}^2 \alpha$

81. a) $\frac{2 \cos^2 \alpha - 1}{1 - \cos^2 \alpha} \cdot \frac{\cot \alpha + \tan \alpha}{\cot \alpha - \tan \alpha}$

b) $\frac{\sin \alpha - 1}{\cos \alpha} + (1 - \sin^2 \alpha) \sec^3 \alpha$

82. a) $\frac{\sec \alpha}{\operatorname{cosec} \alpha} + \frac{\cos^2 \alpha - \sin^2 \alpha}{\sin \alpha \cos \alpha}$

b) $\frac{1}{\cos^2 \alpha} - \frac{1}{\cot^2 \alpha} + \operatorname{cosec}^2 \alpha - \frac{1 - \sin^2 \alpha}{\sin^2 \alpha}$

83. a) $\frac{\cot^2 \alpha + \operatorname{cosec}^2 \alpha}{\operatorname{cosec}^2 \alpha \cot^2 \alpha} \cdot \frac{\sin^2 \alpha \tan^2 \alpha}{\sin^2 \alpha + \tan^2 \alpha} - \frac{\sin^2 \alpha}{\operatorname{cosec}^2 \alpha \cos^2 \alpha}$

b) $\frac{(\cos^2 \alpha - \sin \alpha) \sec \alpha}{\sin \alpha} + \frac{1}{\sec \alpha \cos^2 \alpha}$

Dimostrare le seguenti identità:

$$121. \text{ a) } \sqrt{\frac{1}{\cos^2 \alpha} - \frac{2}{\cot \alpha}} = \tan \alpha - 1 \quad \text{b) } 1 + \frac{1}{\cot^2 \alpha} + \frac{2}{\cot \alpha} + \left(1 - \frac{1}{\cot^2 \alpha}\right)^2 = 2 \sec^2 \alpha$$

$$122. \text{ a) } 2(1 + \cos \alpha)(1 + \sin \alpha) = \left(1 + \frac{1}{\sec \alpha} + \frac{1}{\operatorname{cosec} \alpha}\right)^2 \quad \text{b) } \cos^4 \alpha = \sin^4 \alpha + 1 - 2 \sin^2 \alpha$$

$$123. \text{ a) } \frac{1}{\operatorname{cosec} \alpha} + \tan \alpha = \frac{(1 + \sin \alpha)(1 + \cos \alpha) \sec \alpha \tan \alpha}{\sec \alpha + \tan \alpha}$$

$$\text{b) } \left(1 - \frac{1}{\cot^2 \alpha}\right) \cos^2 \alpha = 2 \cos^2 \alpha - 1$$

$$124. \text{ a) } \cos^4 \alpha - \sin^4 \alpha = \cos^2 \alpha - \sin^2 \alpha \quad \text{b) } \frac{1}{\cot^2 \alpha} - \frac{1 - 3 \cos^2 \alpha}{\cos^2 \alpha} = 2$$

$$125. \text{ a) } \frac{\cot \alpha}{\cot^2 \alpha - 1} = \frac{\tan \alpha}{1 - \tan^2 \alpha} \quad \text{b) } \frac{1}{\tan \alpha} + \frac{1}{\cot \alpha} = \frac{\sec \alpha + \operatorname{cosec} \alpha}{\sin \alpha + \cos \alpha}$$

$$126. \text{ a) } \frac{\operatorname{cosec}^2 \alpha + \cot^2 \alpha}{\sin^2 \alpha + \tan^2 \alpha} = \frac{\operatorname{cosec}^2 \alpha}{\tan^2 \alpha} \quad \text{b) } \frac{\sin^3 \alpha - \cos^3 \alpha}{\sin \alpha - \cos \alpha} = \frac{1 + \sec \alpha \operatorname{cosec} \alpha}{\sec \alpha \operatorname{cosec} \alpha}$$

$$127. \text{ a) } \frac{\sin^3 \alpha + \cos^3 \alpha}{\sin \alpha + \cos \alpha} = \frac{\sec \alpha \operatorname{cosec} \alpha - 1}{\sec \alpha \operatorname{cosec} \alpha} \quad \text{b) } (\tan \alpha + \cot \alpha)^2 - (\tan \alpha - \cot \alpha)^2 = 4$$

$$128. \text{ a) } \frac{1}{\cot \alpha} \left(\frac{1}{\sec \alpha} - \cos^3 \alpha \right) = \frac{1}{\operatorname{cosec}^3 \alpha} \quad \text{b) } \frac{1}{\tan \alpha} \left(\frac{1}{\operatorname{cosec} \alpha} - \sin^3 \alpha \right) = \frac{1}{\sec^3 \alpha}$$

$$129. \text{ a) } \frac{\cot^2 \alpha - 1}{\cot^2 \alpha} = \frac{\cos^2 \alpha - \sin^2 \alpha}{1 - \sin^2 \alpha} \quad \text{b) } \frac{1}{\tan^2 \alpha - \sin^2 \alpha} = \cot^2 \alpha \operatorname{cosec}^2 \alpha$$

$$130. \text{ a) } \tan^2 \alpha \sec^2 \alpha = \frac{1}{\cot^2 \alpha - \cos^2 \alpha} \quad \text{b) } \frac{\tan^2 \alpha - \sin^2 \alpha}{1 - \cos^2 \alpha} = \tan^2 \alpha$$

$$131. \text{ a) } \frac{\tan \alpha + \cot \alpha}{\tan \alpha - \cot \alpha} = \frac{1}{1 - 2 \cos^2 \alpha} \quad \text{b) } \frac{\tan \alpha - \cot \alpha}{\tan \alpha + \cot \alpha} = \frac{\tan^2 \alpha - 1}{\tan^2 \alpha + 1}$$

$$132. \text{ a) } \frac{\cos \alpha}{1 - \sin \alpha} + \frac{1 + \sin \alpha}{\cos \alpha} = \frac{2 \cos \alpha}{1 - \sin \alpha} \quad \text{b) } \frac{\sin \alpha}{1 + \cos \alpha} + \frac{1 - \cos \alpha}{\sin \alpha} = \frac{2 \sin \alpha}{1 + \cos \alpha}$$

$$133. \text{ a) } \frac{1 - \sin \alpha}{1 + \sin \alpha} - \tan^2 \alpha = \frac{2 \sin \alpha - 1}{\sin^2 \alpha - 1} \quad \text{b) } \frac{1}{\operatorname{cosec} \alpha} - \frac{1}{\cot \alpha} = \frac{\sin \alpha (\cos \alpha - 1)}{\cos \alpha}$$

$$134. \text{ a) } \sin \alpha - \frac{\tan^2 \alpha}{\tan^2 \alpha + 1} = \frac{1}{\operatorname{cosec} \alpha} - \sin^2 \alpha \quad \text{b) } \tan \alpha - \frac{\sec \alpha}{\operatorname{cosec} \alpha} - \sin \alpha = \frac{\cos^2 \alpha - 1}{\sin \alpha}$$

$$135. \text{ a) } \frac{1}{\operatorname{cosec} \alpha} + \frac{\cot \alpha}{\cot^2 \alpha + 1} - \cos \alpha = \sin \alpha (\cos \alpha + 1) - \cos \alpha$$

$$\text{b) } \left(1 - \frac{1}{\sec \alpha}\right) \frac{1}{\tan \alpha} + \frac{\cos \alpha - 1}{\sin \alpha \cos \alpha} = (\cos \alpha - 1) \tan \alpha$$